HIMS in Australia





- Matthew O'Keeffe is a pilot employed by Virgin Australia
 Welfare Director for Australian Federation of Air Pilots
- Russell Brown is a doctor employed by Qantas Airways
- Both are members of the HIMS Australia Advisory Group



Scope

- Substance Use Disorder in pilots
- What is HIMS
 - Relation to Airline DAMP and CASR part 99 and CASR part 67
- How do pilots enter HIMS
 - Trust Culture considerations
- Assessment & initial treatment
- HIMS aftercare program
 - Treatment, surveillance & reporting
- A peer support program driven by pilots
- HIMS Australia resources

Pilots & Substance Misuse

Ten times over the limit: drunk Japanese pilot arrested in London

Japan's NHK public television said.

2 November 2018 — 7:21am

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London: A Japan Airlines co-pilot arrested after failing a breath test shortly before a London to Tokyo flight has pleaded guilty to being almost 10 times over the legal limit for alcohol.

London's Metropolitan Police force say Katsutoshi Jitsukawa appeared at Uxbridge Magistrates Court in west London on Thursday and admitted to exceeding the alcohol limit.

The airline said the co-pilot was arrested on Sunday at Heathrow Airport for violating British aviation law.



The driver of a crew bus at Heathrow smelled alcohol on Jitsukawa and reported it to police,

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Drunk pilot arrested in Canadian cockpit before take-off 1 January 2017 1 January 2017 1 Share MARK KING/SUNWING AIRLINES A pilot who was drunk in the cockpit has been arrested shortly before take-off in Canada. Two hours after his arrest, the 37-year-old man was found to have more than three times the legal limit of alcohol in his body. His plane, part of the Sunwing budget airline, later left Calgary for Cancun, Mexico, with a different pilot. There were more than 100 people on board.

Airline pilots 'not immune' from booze problems, but testing isn't compulsory in Australia

RN Drive

Updated 18 Sep 2018, 5:17pm



PHOTO: Singapore Airlines pilot fails random blood alcohol test in Melbourne. (flickr)

When you board a plane the last thing you probably want to think about is whether or not the pilot is over the alcohol limit.

But on Saturday, a Singapore Airlines pilot was stopped from flying out of Melbourne after he failed a random breath test.

Pilot alcohol testing is not compulsory before each flight in Australia unless it is specifically included in a pilot's contract.

Why isn't testing mandatory in Australia?

RELATED STORY: Canadian pilot found passed out drunk in cockpit before take-off; police

RELATED STORY: 'Drunk pilots' arrested before international

RELATED STORY: New pilot drug tests could leave remote passengers stranded

Key points:

- Testing is not compulsory in Australia unless stipulated in a pilot's contract
- Random testing was implemented in 2008
- · Positive tests number less than 0.001 per cent

Passengers stranded at Stuttgart airport after pilot turns up drunk

FLIGHT was left grounded after airport staff noticed the co-pilot wasn't so steady on his feet. He was later found to be intoxicated.

Alcohol Misuse Event(s) considerations

Is there a clinical diagnosis - based on DSM V criteria

Drink more than intended? Cut down? Drinking lots or sick? Cravings? Interfering with home or work? Continued drinking when trouble? Less activities to drink? Repeated risky behaviour due to alcohol? Continued drinking after black out or effecting mental health? Tolerance? Withdrawal?

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Mild Moderate Severe

Aeromedical considerations – CASA and ICAO definition of problematic use – use at rate, level, time & in a context that presents **identified** risk to the individual or the workplace (Hazardous – **potential** direct or indirect risk)

Non - problematic

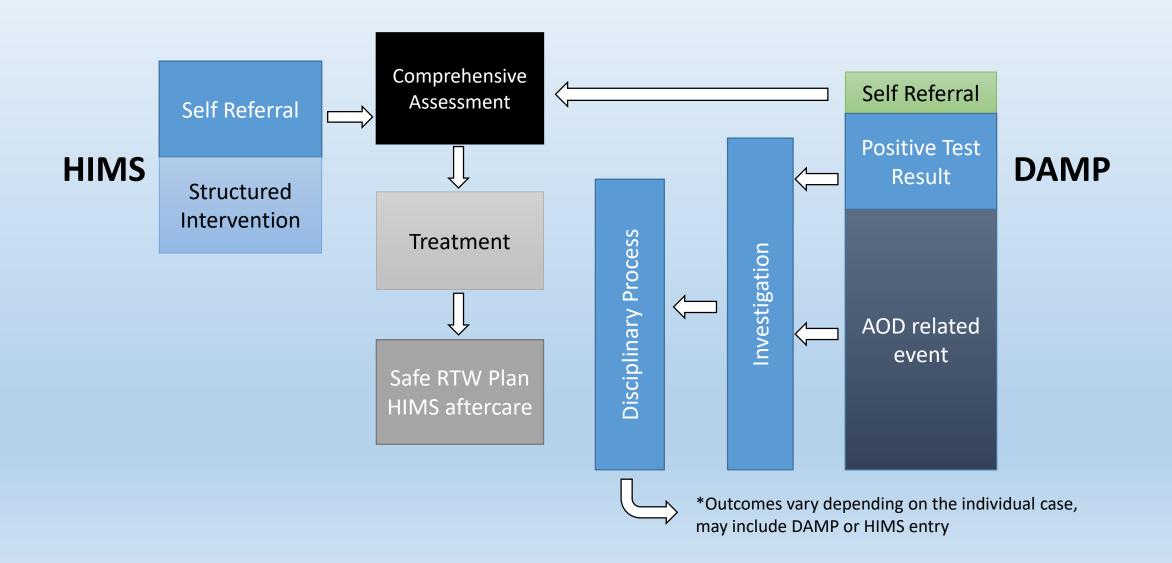
Hazardous

Problematic

Pilots with problematic use?

- Not fit to fly unless
 - Appropriately treated
 - Proven stability
 - Ongoing safeguards are in place to monitor the condition
- HIMS is an optional peer driven support program for pilots who accept they have a dependency problem. Entry via self-referral or 'assisted' self-referral
- Pilots may also elect to take the HIMS path to address 'problematic use' identified by an appropriate assessment process
- HIMS is expected to return pilots sooner, and assist disciplinary aspects.
- Without HIMS, pilots address the issues under CASR part 67 and 99.
 Proving stability is more difficult and likely to take longer.

Relationship of HIMS and CASA part 99



HIMS entry requirements

- Addiction specialist assessment with aviation understanding
 - Screening tests (CDT, GGT, MCV, UDS) & collaborative information
- Initial Inpatient treatment best for substance dependency
- HIMS agreement signed with open communication
 - Peer pilot, DAME, treating practitioners(s), manager, +/- union welfare
- Strict confidentiality outside of this agreement
- Case presented to CASA for clearance to fly

HIMS Aftercare Program

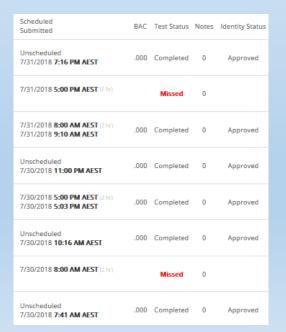
- Pilot returns to flying
- Abstinence based program for involved substance(s)
- Structured treatment plan
 - Initially monthly DAME +/- counsellor +/- addiction specialist + 'Soberlink'
- Structured recovery plan
 - Monthly peer pilot, recovery support meetings (AA, Smart recovery etc.)
- Surveillance Periodical GGT, MCV, CDT +/- PETH + urinary EtG +/- UDS +/- hair testing & 'Soberlink' & workplace breath tests *
- Regular reporting
 - Monthly peer & DAME & periodical addiction specialist & CASA report
- Minimum 2 year program, often career long
 - Success rate 90%, world leading program

^{*} This aftercare program is an example for alcohol Use Disorder with dependency (most common substance in pilots). Other substances will have a tailored program.

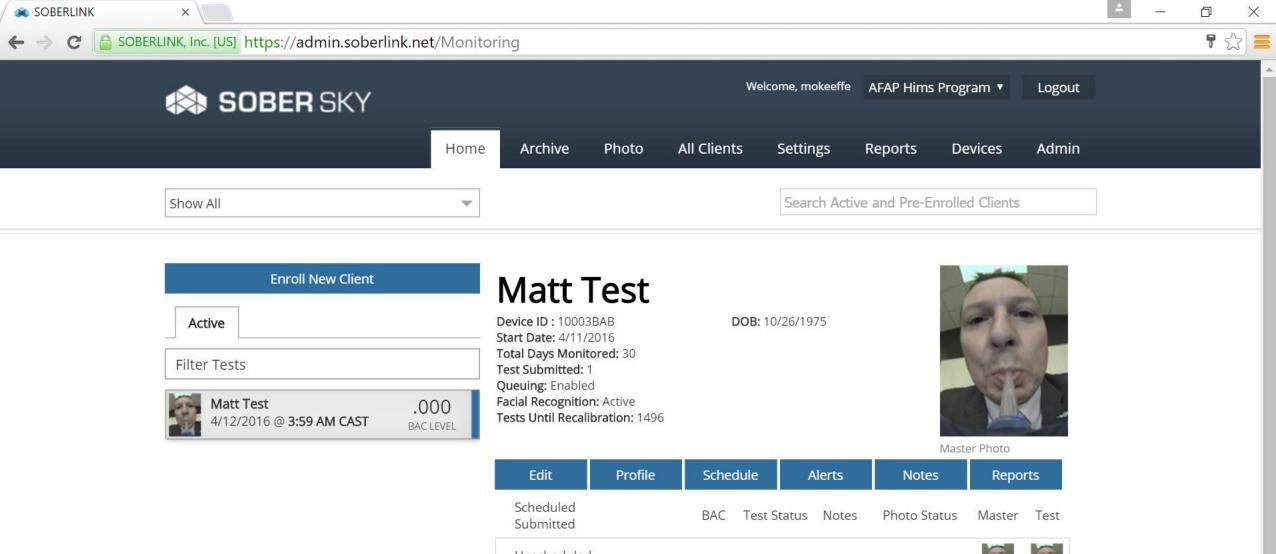
Soberlink

- 'Soberlink' as personal breathalyser
- Daily monitoring, scheduled twice a day + 'no notice' if concern exists + pilot initiated (pre- and post sector, sick leave days)
- Cellular device, facial recognition, real-time reporting to pilot and those part of HIMS agreement

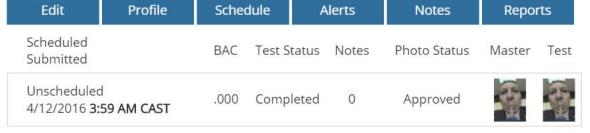




These test results show two days of testing, required within 2 hours of 0800am and 0500pm. There were two missed tests. The first missed test was preceded by an 'unscheduled' test 19 min prior to the due time and 2:16 min after. This is consistent with testing pre- and post- flying on a short sector. The second missed test was completed within the required 3 hour window, although we tell pilots 2 hours is preferred.



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Benefits of HIMS

- Transparent
- Agreement
- Highly successful peer driven Saves careers and lives
- Driver of cultural shift, building trust, increasing self referrals.
- HIMS pilots in recovery often become peers & an excellent company resource
- Foundation for improved education & early intervention programs
- Drives similar programs in aviation
- Drives support programs for spouses/ family

From the Pilots Perspective

Pilots as the driver of HIMS

Current HIMS Australia activities

Pilot peer HIMS training

HIMS resources available

http://www.hims.org.au/

http://www.himsprogram.com/

HIMS Australia Advisory Group

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Captain David Holt

Mr Joseph Wheeler

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Dr Mike Atherton

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Captain Ben Spencer

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AFAP

MO Qantas Group

FAChAM

Consulting MO Virgin Australia

AIPA

VIPA

Media Advisor

Barriers to speaking up



Stigma, Loss of Job + Identity, Shame, Trust, Confidentially, Recognition

Your role

Initial phone call
Support through initial stages
Not treating doctor
Limits for safety
Not pilots friend



Case study

First hand experience 2 previous DUI's Prior treatment Family recommended Peer support contact Assessment Inpatient care Cognitive recovery Doctors, CASA Written reports **Constant Monitoring** Testing **Back Flying**

Over 2.5 years in recovery

Save the Date



Annual Seminar & AGM

27 November 2018
James Strong Auditorium
Qantas Campus, 10 Bourke Rd, Mascot, NSW 2030

Biographies of Invited Speakers





