## PACDEFF Conference 2010

## **Operationalising NTS Training**

Moving it out of the classroom and into the flight deck

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### The Wrong Stuff...

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### **Traditional CRM/NTS Training**



















Why?

### Historically pilots most relate to assessments of:

- ✓ Technical knowledge
- ✓ Manipulative skills ("stick & rudder")
- ✓ Memory items
- ✓ Running the operation
- ✓ Being calm under pressure
- ✓ Completing the mission
- ✓ Getting it back on the ground in one piece

### Power means safety!



## NTS Simulator Training

### Benefits of simulation devices

- ✓ Competency based training can be repeated in a short time-frame
- ✓ Real-time
- ✓ Recordable for facilitated playback
- ✓ Scenario based
- ✓ Can replicate areas of weakness from line observations & report data
- ✓ Tailored to the individual, not the group
- ✓ Tailored to the objective
- ✓ Don't always have to be full flight sims

## NTS Simulator Training

### Where / when should it be imbedded?

- ✓ Cyclic training sessions, LOFT exercises
- ✓ Type rating
- ✓ Pilot intake course
- ✓ Command development flights
- ✓ Command training course
- ✓ Instructor training course
- ✓ Check Captain training course

### NTS

### **Training & Assessment**

### CAAP SMS-3(1) Appendix: High Capacity RPT NTS Assessment Markers

#### **Check Captains Non-Technical Skills Guide**

The four essential skills grading will be further amplified by the use of observed essential skill elements. They will be used for an assessment grading of 1.2 or 5 and optional for 3 and 4. Each essential skill has a defined group of elements

#### COMMUNICATION AND TEAMWORK

- CM Communication
- TW. Teamwork
- SO. Support of others
- CS Conflict solving

#### LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

- Authority and assertiveness
- MS Maintaining standards
- WM Workload management

#### SITUATIONAL AWARNESS

- Awareness of aircraft systems, external environment and time AE TE Threats and Errors

#### DECISION MAKING

- PD Problem definition and option generation
- Risk assessment and option selection RA
- OR. Outcome review

#### COMMUNICATION AND TEAMWORK

#### Communication

- 1. Vital information not relayed to other crew/team members or consultation with those crew members non-existent.
- 2. Isolated attempts are made to relay information to other crew/team members, but are not tested for correct reception
- or interpretation.
- 3. Normal level of communication with other crew members though on occasions not always understood or verified.
- 4. Clear and concise communication with other crew/team members. Uses resources in a manner that improves overall performance
- 5. Communication with other crew/team members stands out, for clarity and ease of information transfer.

#### Teamwork

- 1. Unable to work as a team member, creates barriers between crew thereby not using input or feedback from others.
- 2. Atmosphere allows limited participation from other crew which often only concerns critical issues.
- 3. Establishes team and creates atmosphere for input and feedback from other crew.
- 4. Builds and maintains team. Establishes atmosphere for input and feedback from other crew which enhances overall performance
- 5. Actively builds and maintains team. Establishes atmosphere that maximises participation and feedback from other crew.

#### Support of Others

- 1. Rarely considers other crew members, provides little or no assistance
- 2. Occasionally considers other crew members and infrequently provides support.
- 3. Takes condition of other crew members into account and helps other crew but not always during more demanding situations
- 4. Takes condition of other crew members into account, gives feedback and support when required.
- 5. Takes condition of other crew members into account, provides continual support enabling them to maximise their performance.

#### Conflict solving

- 1. Concerned with who is right, no attempt to resolve conflicts and may accuse other crew of making errors.
- 2. Most of the time concentrates on what is right rather than who is right. May overreact to interpersonal conflicts.
- 3. Concentrates on what is right rather than who is right. Normally able to suggest conflict solutions.
- 4. Always concentrates on what is right and quickly resolves any conflicts in a calm manner.
- 5. Anticipates possible conflicts which are optimally resolved whilst concentrating on what is right.

#### LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT

#### Authority and assertiveness

- Is not able to take initiative and unable to complete tasks. Hinders or withholds crew involvement
- Attempts crew involvement in order to assist in completing essential tasks
- 3. Takes initiative to involve crew and enable timely task completion.
- Takes initiative to ensure crew involvement and task completion to a good outcome
- 5. Takes initiative, motivates and ensures involvement of all appropriate crew and ensures task completion to the best outcome

#### Maintaining standards

- 1. Unable to apply standards to task completion. Sustained deviations are not challenged or corrected.
- Mandatory standards are met with difficulty. Minimal intervention in case of deviations
- 3. Complies with standards and intervenes in case of significant deviations
- Efficiently complies with standards intervenes in case of deviations 4
- 5. Incorporates appropriate standards into all aspects of flight management. Able to anticipate deviations

#### Workload management

- 1. Unable to plan and prioritise tasks. Available resources not utilised
- 2. Does not anticipate workload resulting in time only to complete high priority items
- Plans and prioritises sufficiently to complete high priority tasks
- Plans and prioritises, uses resources effectively in order to efficiently complete primary and secondary tasks
- 5. Primary and secondary tasks so well organised that challenging aspects of flight management appear easy.

#### SITUATION AWARENESS

#### Awareness of aircraft systems, external environment and time

- 1. Lack of awareness of a clearly evident and developing situation that will cause the aircraft to breach clearances, violate procedures or place it in danger
- 2. Level of awareness such that situations are only reacted to with difficulty, and not anticipated. Limited attempts to update overall awareness
- 3. Situationally aware of essential items, may be unaware of less obvious factors. Some attempts at updating awareness. 4. Situationally aware of all significant factors affecting the flight, regularly updated by checking against instruments, ATC, and
- other crew members
- 5. Situational awareness of such a high standard that even subtle factors, affecting the aircraft are integrated into flight management

- 1. Unable to detect and respond to threats and errors which may result in undesirable aircraft states Identifies significant threats and may attempt countermeasures
- Able to identify significant threats and errors and apply appropriate countermeasures
- Threat and errors managed with appropriate counter
- 5. Threat and Error Management integrated into Flight Management.
- DECISION MAKING

- Problem definition and option generation
- 1. Complete lack of methodology in problem solving, likely to cause the aircraft to breach clearance, violate procedures or place it in danger.
- 2. Difficulty in defining the problem and generating suitable options, essential factors only considered
- 3. Problem solving sound, generates suitable options but may have not considered less obvious factors
- 4. Problem solving takes into account most factors, generates appropriate options and allows for contingencies 5. Correct definition, reviews all factors, considers contingencies and generates best options, and incorporates into flight
- management.

#### Risk assessment and option selection

- 1. No process for assessing risk or selecting options
- 2. Some attempt to assess risks of available options. Option selected is therefore not properly assessed for risk.
- Assess risks considering major factors, selected option satisfactory and provides a safe outcome
- 4. Considers and shares risks of alternatives, confirms selected course of action with other crew. Selected option consistently results in a good outcome
- 5. Considers and shares risks of alternatives, consistently chooses best option and confirms selected course of action with other crew.

#### Outcome review

- Fails to check outcome against plan.
- 2. Attempts to check outcome against plan. Does not attempt to modify options if required
- 3. Checks outcome against plan. Modifies options.
- Checks outcome against plan. Modifies options to achieve a good outcome. 4.
- Integrates outcome review and option modification to achieve optimum outcome into flight management. 5.

#### Threats and Errors

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Other Crew:	Dat	:e:								
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5. Climb (OCP)								100		15
6. Descent Planning/Descent/STAR						DN	1 months of	I 2500A		111 -
7. Visual Approaches (Straight In/Circuit/No Slope)							Carl Carl			
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12. Low Visibility Operations (Cat II Cat III)						1-250K 15-200K 2-250K 25-190K	AD DME 1.0 FMC R	1	DHE 1.0	
13. Support Duties						5-250K 30-175K 10-210K 40-162K 230K ALT FLAP				
14. Systems Knowledge						EXTEND			and the second	
15. Procedures/SOP Knowledge and Application										
16. MELs										
17. Abnormal/Emergency										
18. Command of Flight (Captain)										
19. Command Potential (First Officer)										
					Element	<b>_</b>				
1. Communication and Teamwork										
2. Leadership and Management										
3. Situation Awareness										
						/				

## NTS Training & Assessment

### Challenges

- Buy in (Management, Check & Training, Crews)
- Instructor / assessor training costs
- Inter-rater reliability issues
- NTS sub-standard performance policies & procedures
- Who is to blame for a poor NTS performance?
- Cost / benefit evidence
- Pilot group reluctance to video recording of simulator sessions
- Legal exposure
- Third party training providers
- Already busy cyclic sessions capturing revalidation requirements
- More simulator time = reduced line flying resources (\$1M/1day)

### Summary

- ✓ Practical training is a key lead-in and follow-up component of assessment procedures
- ✓ Trainers and assessors must be specifically trained
- ✓ Buy-in is required at all levels
- ✓ Effectiveness must be regularly assessed by impartial and reliable means; e.g. LOSA
- ✓ Targeted implementation during a pilot's career development
- ✓ Cost / benefit is not always readily apparent

# **Objective:** safe and efficient operations through training

Captain Cameron Tribe